What is claimed is:

- 1. An isolated chimeric protein, which chimeric protein comprises, from N-terminus to C-terminus:
- a) a first peptidyl fragment comprising a bacterial leader sequence from about 5 to about 30 amino acid residues; and
 - b) a second peptidyl fragment comprising an amadoriase.
- 2. The isolated chimeric protein of claim 1, wherein the bacterial leader sequence is a leader sequence of an *E.coli*. protein.
- 3. The isolated chimeric protein of claim 1, wherein the leader sequence has at least 40% identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:1 (MGGSGDDDDLAL), in which the percentage identity is determined over an amino acid sequence of identical size to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:1.
- 4. The isolated chimeric protein of claim 1, wherein the leader sequence binds to an antibody that specifically binds to an amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:1.
- 5. The isolated chimeric protein of claim 1, wherein the leader sequence comprises the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:1.
- 6. The isolated chimeric protein of claim 1, wherein the first peptidyl fragment comprises about 20 amino acid residues.
- 7. The isolated chimeric protein of claim 1, wherein the amadoriase is of *Aspergillus sp.* origin.

- 8. The isolated chimeric protein of claim 7, wherein the amadoriase uses FAD as a cofactor.
- 9. The isolated chimeric protein of claim 8, wherein the amadoriase has a FAD cofactor-binding consensus sequence Gly-X-Gly-X-X-Gly (SEQ ID NO:2), X being any amino acid residue.
- 10. The isolated chimeric protein of claim 7, wherein the amadoriase is selected from the group consisting of amadoriase Ia, amadoriase Ib, amadoriase Ic and amadoriase II.
- at least 40% identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:3 (AVTKSSSLLIVGAGTWGTSTALHLARRGYTNVTVLDPYPVPSAISAGNDV NKVISSGQYSNNKDEIEVNEILAEEAFNGWKNDPLFKPYYHDTGLLMSAC SQEGLDRLGVRVRPGEDPNLVELTRPEQFRKLAPEGVLQGDFPGWKGYF ARSGAGWAHARNALVAAAREAQRMGVKFVTGTPQGRVVTLIFENNDVK GAVTGDGKIWRAERTFLCAGASAGQFLDFKNQLRPTAWTLVHIALKPEE RALYKNIPVIFNIERGFFFEPDEERGEIKICDEHPGYTNMVQSADGTMMSIP FEKTQIPKEAETRVRALLKETMPQLADRPFSFARICWCADTANREFLIDRH PQYHSLVLGCGASGRGFKYLPSIGNLIVDAMEGKVPQKIHELIKWNPDIAA NRNWRDTLGRFGGPNRVMDFHDVKEWTNVQYRDISKL), in which the percentage identity is determined over an amino acid sequence of identical size to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:3.
- 12. The isolated chimeric protein of claim 1, wherein the amadoriase binds to an antibody that specifically binds to an amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:3.
- 13. The isolated chimeric protein of claim 1, wherein the amadoriase comprises the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:3.

- 14. The isolated chimeric protein of claim 1, wherein the first and second peptidyl fragments are linked via a cleavable linkage.
- 15. The isolated chimeric protein of claim 1, which further comprises, at its C-terminus, a third peptidyl fragment comprising a second bacterial leader sequence from about 5 to about 30 amino acid residues.
- 16. The isolated chimeric protein of claim 15, wherein the second bacterial leader sequence is a leader sequence of an *E.coli*. protein.
- 17. The isolated chimeric protein of claim 15, wherein the second bacterial leader sequence has at least 40% identity to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:4 (KGELEGLPIPNPLLRTG), in which the percentage identity is determined over an amino acid sequence of identical size to the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:4.
- 18. The isolated chimeric protein of claim-15, wherein the second bacterial leader sequence binds to an antibody that specifically binds to an amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:4.
- 19. The isolated chimeric protein of claim 15, wherein the second bacterial leader sequence comprises the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:4.
- 20. The isolated chimeric protein of claim 15, wherein the third peptidyl fragment comprises about 20 amino acid residues.
- 21. The isolated chimeric protein of claim 1, which further comprises, at its C-terminus, a third peptidyl fragment comprising a peptide tag.

- 22. The isolated chimeric protein of claim 21, wherein the peptide tag is selected from the group consisting of FLAG, HA, HA1, c-Myc, 6-His, AU1, EE, T7, 4A6, ϵ , B, gE and Ty1 tag.
- 23. The isolated chimeric protein of claim 15, which further comprises, at its C-terminus, a fourth peptidyl fragment comprising a peptide tag.
- 24. The isolated chimeric protein of claim 23, wherein the peptide tag is selected from the group consisting of FLAG, HA, HA1, c-Myc, 6-His, AU1, EE, T7, 4A6, ε, B, gE and Ty1 tag.
- 25. The isolated chimeric protein of claim 1, which comprises the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:5
 (MGGSGDDDDLALAVTKSSSLLIVGAGTWGTSTALHLARRGYTNVTVLD PYPVPSAISAGNDVNKVISSGQYSNNKDEIEVNEILAEEAFNGWKNDPLFK PYYHDTGLLMSACSQEGLDRLGVRVRPGEDPNLVELTRPEQFRKLAPEGV LQGDFPGWKGYFARSGAGWAHARNALVAAAREAQRMGVKFVTGTPQG RVVTLIFENNDVKGAVTGDGKIWRAERTFLCAGASAGQFLDFKNQLRPT AWTLVHIALKPEERALYKNIPVIFNIERGFFFEPDEERGEIKICDEHPGYTN MVQSADGTMMSIPFEKTQIPKEAETRVRALLKETMPQLADRPFSFARICW CADTANREFLIDRHPQYHSLVLGCGASGRGFKYLPSIGNLIVDAMEGKVP QKIHELIKWNPDIAANRNWRDTLGRFGGPNRVMDFHDVKEWTNVQYRDI SKLKGELEGLPIPNPLLRTGHHHHHHH).
- 26. An isolated nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding the chimeric protein of claim 1.
- 27. An isolated nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding the chimeric protein of claim 25.

28. The nucleic acid of claim 26, which comprises the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:6

(ATGGGAGGTTCGGGTGACGATGATGACCTGGCTCTCGCCGTCACTAA GTCATCATCTCCTGATCGTTGGTGCCGGGACTTGGGGCACCTCAAC GGCTCTGCACCTCGCGCGCGCGGATATACCAACGTTACCGTGCTGGA CCCCTATCCTGTCCCTAGCGCCATCTCCGCCGGAAACGACGTGAACAA AGTCATTAGCAGTGGCCAATATTCGAATAACAAAGACGAAATCGAAG TGAATGAGATCTTGGCGGAAGAGGCGTTTAACGGTTGGAAGAACGAC CCGCTTTTCAAACCGTATTATCATGATACGGGCCTGCTGATGTCTGCTT GCTCGCAGGAGGCCTGGATCGCCTGGGCGTCCGGGTACGTCCGGGCG AGGATCCTAATCTGGTGGAACTTACCCGCCCGGAGCAATTTCGTAAAC TGGCCCGGAAGGCGTGTTGCAAGGTGATTTTCCGGGTTGGAAAGGGT ACTTTGCGCGTTCCGGCGCTGGCTGGCACATGCAAGGAATGCCTTAG TGGCAGCAGCACGCAAGCACAGCGCATGGGTGTAAAATTTGTTACTG GCACCCGCAGGGTCGTGTAGTCACGTTAATCTTTGAAAATAACGATG TAAAAGGTGCCGTTACGGCCGATGGCAAAATTTGGAGAGCGGAACGT ACATTCCTGTGTGCTGGGGCTAGCGCGGGTCAGTTCCTAGATTTCAAG AATCAACTTCGACCAACCGCTTGGACCCTGGTACACATTGCGTTAAAA CCGGAAGAACGTGCGTTGTACAAAAATATACCGGTTATCTTTAACATC GAACGGGGTTTTTCTTTGAACCCGATGAGGAGCGCGGTGAGATTAAA ATATGCGATGAACACCCGGGCTACACAAATATGGTCCAGAGTGCAGA CGGCACGATGATGAGCATTCCGTTCGAAAAAACCCAGATTCCAAAAG AAGCCGAAACGCGCGTTCGGGCCCTGCTGAAAGAGACAATGCCCCAG CTGGCAGACCGTCCATTCAGCTTCGCACGCATTTGCTGGTGTGCCGAT ACCGCGAATCGCGAATTCCTGATAGATCGACATCCGCAGTACCACAGT CTTGTGTTGGGCTGTGCGAGCGGAAGAGGGTTTAAATATCTGCCT TCTATTGGGAATCTCATTGTTGACGCGATGGAAGGTAAAGTGCCGCAA AAAATTCACGAATTAATCAAGTGGAACCCGGACATTGCGGCGAACCGT AACTGGCGTGATACTCTGGGGCGTTTTGGCGGTCCAAATCGTGTGATG GATTTTCATGATGTGAAGGAATGGACCAATGTTCAGTATCGTGATATT

TCCAAGCTGAAAGGAGAGTTGGAAGGTaaGCCAATCCCTAACCCGTTA CTGCGCACAGGCCATCACCATCATCATCATTAA).

- 29. An isolated nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence complementary to the nucleotide sequence of claim 26.
 - 30. A recombinant cell containing the nucleic acid of claim 26.
- 31. A method of producing a chimeric protein comprising growing a recombinant cell containing the nucleic acid of claim 26 such that the encoded chimeric protein is expressed by the cell, and recovering the expressed chimeric protein.
 - 32. The product of the method of claim 31.
- 33. A method for assaying for a glycated protein in a sample, which method comprises:
- a) contacting a sample to be assayed with a protease to generate aglycated peptide or a glycated amino acid from a glycated protein, if contained in said sample;
- b) contacting said generated glycated peptide or glycated amino acid with a chimeric protein of claim 1 to oxidize said glycated peptide or glycated amino acid; and
- c) assessing oxidation of said glycated peptide or glycated amino acid by said chimeric protein to determine the presence and/or amount of said glycated protein in said sample.
 - 34. The method of claim 33, wherein the sample is a blood sample.
- 35. The method of claim 34, wherein the blood sample is a plasma, serum, red blood cell or whole blood sample.

- 36. The method of claim 33, wherein the glycated protein to be assayed is glycoalbumin or glycohemoglobin.
- 37. The method of claim 33, wherein the protease is an endo-type protease or an exo-type protease.
- 38. The method of claim 37, wherein the endo-type protease is selected from the group consisting of trypsin, α-chymotrypsin, subtilisin, proteinase K, papain, cathepsin B, pepsin, thermolysin, protease XVII, protease XXI, lysylendopeptidase, prolether and bromelain F.
- 39. The method of claim 37, wherein the exo-type protease is an aminopeptidase or a carboxypeptidase.
- 40. The method of claim 33, wherein the protease is selected from the group consisting of proteinase K, pronase E, ananine, thermolysin, subtilisin and cow pancreas proteases.
- 41. The method of claim 33, wherein the protease generates a glycated peptide from about 2 to about 30 amino acid residues.
- 42. The method of claim 33, wherein the protease generates glycated glycine, glycated valine or glycated lysine residue or a glycated peptide comprising glycated glycine, glycated valine or glycated lysine residue.
- 43. The method of claim 33, wherein the chimeric protein comprises the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:5.
- 44. The method of claim 33, wherein the chimeric protein is encoded by the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:6.

- 45. The method of claim 33, wherein the oxidation of the glycated peptide or glycated amino acid is assessed by assessing consumption of the glycated peptide or glycated amino acid, H₂O or O₂ in the oxidation reaction or the formation of the oxidized glucose (glucosone), H₂O₂ or the amino acid in the oxidation reaction.
- 46. The method of claim 45, wherein the O₂ consumption is assessed by an oxygen electrode.
- 47. The method of claim 45, wherein the H_2O_2 formation is assessed by a peroxidase.
- 48. The method of claim 47, wherein the peroxidase is horseradish peroxidase.
- 49. The method of claim 47, wherein the H_2O_2 formation is assessed by a peroxidase and Trinder reaction.
- 50. The method of claim 47, wherein the glycated peptide or glycated amino acid is contacted with the chimeric protein and the peroxidase sequentially or simultaneously.
- 51. The method of claim 45, wherein the glucosone formation is assessed by a glucose oxidase.
- 52. The method of claim 45, wherein the glucosone formation is assessed by a combination of glucose 6-phosphate dehydrogenase and hexokinase.

- 53. The method of claim 33, wherein the protease is inactivated before or current with the contact between the glycated peptide or glycated amino acid and the chimeric protein.
- 54. The method of claim 53, wherein the protease is inactivated by a heat treatment or an inhibitor of the protease.
- 55. The method of claim 33, wherein ascorbate interference is countered using a copper (II) compound, a cholic acid or a bathophenanthroline disulphonic acid or a mixture thereof.
- 56. The method of claim 33, wherein bilirubin interference is countered using a ferrocyanide salt.
- 57. The method of claim 33, which is used in the prognosis or diagnosis of a disease or disorder.
 - 58. The method of claim 57, wherein the disease or disorder is diabetes.
- 59. A kit for assaying for a glycated protein in a sample, which kit comprises:
- a) a protease to generate glycated peptide or glycated amino acid from a glycated protein, if contained in a sample;
- b) a chimeric protein of claim 1 to oxidize said glycated peptide or glycated amino acid; and
- c) means for assessing oxidation of said glycated peptide or glycated amino acid by said chimeric protein to determine the presence and/or amount of said glycated protein in said sample.

- 60. The kit of claim 59, wherein the means for assessing oxidation of said glycated peptide or glycated amino acid by said chimeric protein comprises peroxidase.
- 61. The kit of claim 60, wherein the chimeric protein and the peroxidase are formulated in a single composition.
- 62. A method for assaying for a glycated protein in a sample, which method comprises:
- a) contacting a sample to be assayed with a proteinase K to generate a glycated peptide or a glycated amino acid from a glycated protein, if contained in said sample;
- b) contacting said generated glycated peptide or glycated amino acid with an amadoriase to oxidize said glycated peptide or glycated amino acid; and
- c) assessing oxidation of said glycated peptide or glycated amino acid by said amadoriase to determine the presence and/or amount of said glycated protein in said sample.
 - 63. The method of claim 62, wherein the sample is a blood sample.
- 64. The method of claim 63, wherein the blood sample is a plasma, serum, red blood cell or whole blood sample.
- 65. The method of claim 62, wherein the glycated protein to be assayed is glycoalbumin or glycohemoglobin.
- 66. The method of claim 62, wherein the amadoriase comprises a chimeric protein, which chimeric protein comprises, from N-terminus to C-terminus:
- a) a first peptidyl fragment comprising a bacterial leader sequence from about 5 to about 30 amino acid residues; and
 - b) a second peptidyl fragment comprising an amadoriase.

- 67. The method of claim 66, wherein the chimeric protein comprises the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:5.
- 68. The method of claim 66, wherein the chimeric protein is encoded by the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:6.
- 69. The method of claim 62, wherein the oxidation of the glycated peptide or glycated amino acid is assessed by assessing consumption of the glycated peptide or glycated amino acid, H₂O or O₂ in the oxidation reaction or the formation of the oxidized glucose (glucosone), H₂O₂ or the amino acid in the oxidation reaction.
- 70. The method of claim 69, wherein the O_2 consumption is assessed by an oxygen electrode.
- 71. The method of claim 69, wherein the H_2O_2 formation is assessed by a peroxidase.
- 72. The method of claim 71, wherein the peroxidase is horseradish peroxidase.
- 73. The method of claim 71, wherein the H_2O_2 formation is assessed by a peroxidase and Trinder reaction.
- 74. The method of claim 71, wherein the glycated peptide or glycated amino acid is contacted with the amadoriase and the peroxidase sequentially or simultaneously.
- 75. The method of claim 69, wherein the glucosone formation is assessed by a glucose oxidase.

- 76. The method of claim 69, wherein the glucosone formation is assessed by a combination of glucose 6-phosphate dehydrogenase and hexokinase.
- 77. The method of claim 62, wherein the proteinase K is inactivated before or current with the contact between the glycated peptide or glycated amino acid and the amadoriase.
- 78. The method of claim 77, wherein the proteinase K is inactivated by a heat treatment or an inhibitor of the proteinase K.
- 79. The method of claim 62, wherein ascorbate interference is countered using a copper (II) compound, a cholic acid or a bathophenanthroline disulphonic acid or a mixture thereof.
- 80. The method of claim 62, wherein bilirubin interference is countered using a ferrocyanide salt.
- 81. The method of claim 62, which is used in the prognosis or diagnosis of a disease or disorder.
 - 82. The method of claim 81, wherein the disease or disorder is diabetes.
- 83. A kit for assaying for a glycated protein in a sample, which kit comprises:
- a) a proteinase K to generate a glycated peptide or a glycated amino acid from a glycated protein, if contained in said sample;
- b) an amadoriase to oxidize said glycated peptide or glycated amino acid;
 and

- c) means for assessing oxidation of said glycated peptide or glycated amino acid by said amadoriase to determine the presence and/or amount of said glycated protein in said sample.
- 84. The kit of claim 83, wherein the means for assessing oxidation of said glycated peptide or glycated amino acid by said amadoriase comprises peroxidase.
- 85. The kit of claim 84, wherein the amadoriase and the peroxidase are formulated in a single composition.
- 86. The kit of claim 83, wherein the amadoriase comprises a chimeric protein, which chimeric protein comprises, from N-terminus to C-terminus:
- a) a first peptidyl fragment comprising a bacterial leader sequence from about 5 to about 30 amino acid residues; and
 - b) a second peptidyl fragment comprising an amadoriase.

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